





POPPIES and PEACE — Local history - WWII

AUTUMN	CHRONOLOGY	PEOPLE	LEGACY
	I know Nazi Germany invaded Poland on 1st September 1939 which initiated WWII in Europe. I can place key events of WWII on a timeline from the start of the war to the end and VE day 8th May 1945.	I can explain how the war impacted people's everyday lives including how the roles of women changed -'land girls' and why rationing was necessary.	I can describe how the war created many refugees and how Jewish people were mistreated by German Nazis. I can describe Anne Frank's legacy and why her story is an important part of history.
	I can explain why the 'blitz' was a significant period during WWII and how people protected themselves from air raids. I can explain how this led to children being evacuated from the cities.	I can explain who Bill Tutte was and why his work was important in WWII. I describe why 'code breakers' had a vital role in ending the war sooner than it would have been without breaking codes.	I can explain the impact of WWII had on Newmarket including the bombing of Newmarket High Street and the Bill Tutte memorial.

Rotten Romans— The Roman Empire and it's effect on Britain

SPRING	CHRONOLOGY	PEOPLE	LEGACY
	I can describe when and how the Romans invaded (Celts) Britain in 43AD and how Roman Britain ended in 410AD. I know the Anglo Saxons settled in Britain when the Romans left.	I can describe how life changed for the Celts under Roman Britain and what daily life was like for a Roman soldier compared to a Celt warrior during this time.	I can describe how the Romans modernised Britain and the key legacies of this time e.g. Roman towns/cities, roads, houses, public baths, numerals and entertainment.
	I can describe and place key events (including the battles with Boudicca in 60-61AD) on a timeline of Roman Britain. I can explain why the Romans were successful invaders.	I can explain who Boudicca was and how she led an army against the Romans. I can describe key Roman Emperors and how they ruled Roman Britain.	I can describe historical evidence of Roman ruins that can be visited today, such as; Hadrian's Wall, Roman Baths, Caerleon in Wales and Chester's Roman Fort.

THE WONDERS OF THE WORLD — The achievements of the earliest civilizations — **Ancient Egyptians**

SPRING	CHRONOLOGY	PEOPLE	LEGACY
	- I know that Ancient Egypt began in 3150 BC and King Narmer was the first Egyptian Pharaoh. I can place key events during Egyptian times on a timeline e.g when the pyramids were built in 2650BC.	- I can name and explain the social order of people during Ancient Egyptians times (Pharaoh, advisor to the Pharaoh, high priests & nobles, priests, engineers, doctors, scribes, craftsmen, soldiers, farmers and tomb builders).	- I describe Ancient Egyptian mythology and retell the story of Isis, Osiris, Seth. I can make comparisons of the Ancient Egyptian creation story with others I know already.
	- I can describe the similarities and differences between ancient and modern Egypt; including the importance of the river Nile for the early civilization and today.	- I can explain how we know that Tutankhamun was a great Pharaoh and how important he was from the artefacts found in his tomb. I can explain why Howard Carter was a good archaeologist in finding Tutankhamun's tomb.	- I can identify sources historical evidence and explain key legacies of the Ancient Egyptians including the pyramids, hieroglyphics, sphinx and Egyptian tombs.